

कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड

(एक महारत्न कंपनी)

सामग्री प्रबंधन विभाग

कोल भवन, प्लॉट सं.-ए.एफ-3, एक्शन एरिया-१ए

न्यू टाउन, राजरहाट, कोलकाता - ७००१५६

फ़ोन: ०३३-२३२४ ४१२७, फैक्स: ०३३-२३२४ ४११५

वेबसाइट: www.coalindia.inईमेल: gmmm.cil@coalindia.in**COAL INDIA LIMITED**

(A MAHARATNA COMPANY)

Materials Management Division,

Coal Bhavan, Premises No.04, Action Area 1A,

New Town, Rajarhat, Kolkata-700156

PHONE: 033-2324 4127, FAX: 033-2324 4115

Website: www.coalindia.inE mail: gmmm.cil@coalindia.in

संक्र०: CIL/C2D/Purchase Manual 2020/1817

दिनांक: 14.08.2020

कार्यालय आदेश**विषय: Force Majeure Clause & Performance Security**

Please find enclosed following Office Memorandums issued by Department of Expenditure, Ministry of Finance, Govt. of India, regarding applicability of Force Majeure Clause and certain relaxation to suppliers in terms of Performance Security:

1. OM no. F.18/4/2020-PPD dated 19.02.2020 (Annexure-1) – regarding Force Majeure
2. OM no. F.18/4/2020-PPD dated 13.05.2020 (Annexure-2) – regarding Force Majeure
3. OM no. F.18/4/2020-PPD dated 13.05.2020 (Annexure-3) – regarding Performance Security

The above said OMs of Department of Expenditure are being issued for implementation in procurement of Goods, subject to adhering to conditions stipulated in these OMs.

This is being issued with approval of competent authority.

संलग्न: उल्लेखानुसार

तुषार 14/8/2020

(तुषार कांत मिश्रा)

महाप्रबंधक (सामग्री प्रबंधन)

[Signature]

वितरण:

१. सी.एम.डी, बीसीसीएल/सीसीएल/सीएमपीडीआईएल/ईसीएल/एमसीएल/एनसीएल/एसईसीएल/डब्ल्यूसीएल
२. निदेशक (तकनीकी)/निदेशक (वित्त)/निदेशक (विपणन)/निदेशक (कार्मिक), सीआईएल
३. निदेशक(तकनीकी), बीसीसीएल/सीसीएल/सीएमपीडीआईएल/ईसीएल/एमसीएल/एनसीएल/एसईसीएल/डब्ल्यूसीएल
४. कंपनी सचिव, सीआईएल – this is being issued as per the minutes of 236th meeting of CFDs held on 06.08.2020 circulated vide his letter no. CIL:XI(D):04135:2020:25533 dated 14.08.2020
५. महाप्रबंधक, नार्थ ईस्टर्न कोलफील्ड्स
६. सीआईएल के अध्यक्ष के तकनीकी सचिव
७. महाप्रबंधक(सिविल)/महाप्रबंधक(सीएमसी)/महाप्रबंधक(वित्त)/महाप्रबंधक(प्रशासन)/महाप्रबंधक(ईईडी)/महाप्रबंधक(उत्पादन)/महाप्रबंधक(दूरसंचार)/महाप्रबंधक(प्रणाली)/महाप्रबंधक(सी&एफ)/महाप्रबंधक(सीवी), सीआईएल
८. महाप्रबंधक(सा प्र), बीसीसीएल/सीसीएल/सीएमपीडीआईएल/ईसीएल/एमसीएल/एनसीएल/एसईसीएल/डब्ल्यूसीएल
९. महाप्रबंधक (वित्त), बीसीसीएल/सीसीएल/सीएमपीडीआईएल/ईसीएल/एमसीएल/एनसीएल/एसईसीएल/डब्ल्यूसीएल
१०. सा प्र विभाग, सी.आई.एल के सभी अधिकारीगण

No.F.18/4/2020-PPD
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Expenditure
Procurement Policy Division

Room No.512, Lok Nayak Bhavan,
New Delhi dated the 19th February, 2020.

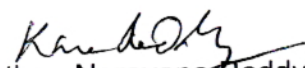
OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Force Majeure Clause (FMC)

Attention is invited to para 9.7.7 of the "Manual for Procurement of Goods, 2017" issued by this Department, which is reproduced as under:

*A Force Majeure (FM) means extraordinary events or circumstance beyond human control such as an event described as an act of God (like **anatural calamity**) or events such as a war, strike, riots, crimes (but not including negligence or wrong-doing, predictable/ seasonal rain and any other events specifically excluded in the clause). An FM clause in the contract frees both parties from contractual liability or obligation when prevented by such events from fulfilling their obligations under the contract. An FM clause does not excuse a party's non-performance entirely, but only suspends it for the duration of the FM. The firm has to give notice of FM as soon as it occurs and it cannot be claimed ex-post facto. There may be a FM situation affecting the purchase organisation only. In such a situation, the purchase organisation is to communicate with the supplier along similar lines as above for further necessary action. If the performance in whole or in part or any obligation under this contract is prevented or delayed by any reason of FM for a period exceeding 90 (Ninety) days, either party may at its option terminate the contract without any financial repercussion on either side.*

2. A doubt has arisen if the disruption of the supply chains due to spread of corona virus in China or any other country will be covered in the Force Majeure Clause (FMC). In this regard it is clarified that it should be considered as a case of natural calamity and FMC may be invoked, wherever considered appropriate, following the due procedure as above.


(Kotluru Narayana Reddy)
Deputy Secretary to the Govt. of India
Tel.No.24621305
Email: kn.reddy@gov.in

To,

Secretaries of all Central Government Ministries/ Departments

No. F. 18/4/2020-PPD
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Expenditure
Procurement Policy Division

North Block, New Delhi
New Delhi dated the 13th May, 2020

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Force Majeure Clause (FMC)

Attention is invited to Department of Expenditure's O.M. No. 18/4/2020-PPD dated 19th February, 2020 on the invocation of Force Majeure Clause (FMC). Vide the O.M., it was clarified that disruption of supply chains due to spread of Coronavirus will be covered under FMC which could be invoked, wherever considered appropriate, following the due procedure as stated in para 9.7.7. of the Manual on Procurement of Goods.

2. Subsequent to issuance of the above referred O.M., further disruptions have affected transportation, manufacturing and distribution of goods and services in the country. Limitations placed on the movement of men and material as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) under the Disaster Management Act, 2005 (DM Act 2005) and the respective State and UT governments from time to time have severely impaired the fulfilment of contractual obligations for supply of goods, works and consultancy services (including other services), and affected the volume of vehicular traffic.


3. Attention in this regard is invited to para 9.7.7 of the "Manual for Procurement of Goods 2017", Para 6.4.2 of the "Manual for Procurement of Works 2019" and para 8.14.1 of the "Manual for Procurement of Consultancy and other Services 2017" issued by the Department of Expenditure. The above referred three Manuals recognize extraordinary events or circumstances beyond human control leading to delays in or non-fulfilment of contractual obligations. In a situation of such events happening, and after following due procedure, parties to the contract are allowed flexibility to invoke FMC following prescribed due procedure.

4. It is recognised that in view of the restrictions placed on the movement of goods, services and manpower on account of the lockdown situation prevailing overseas and in the country in terms of the guidelines issued by the MHA under the DM Act 2005 and the respective State and UT Governments, it may not be possible for the parties to the contract to fulfil contractual obligations. In respect of Public-private Partnership (PPP) concession contracts, a period of the contract may have become unremunerative. Therefore, after fulfilling due procedure and wherever applicable, parties to the contract may invoke FMC for all construction/works contracts, goods and services contracts and PPP contracts with Government Agencies and in such event, date for completion of contractual obligations which had to be completed on or after 20th February 2020 shall stand extended for a period not less than

Kamlesh

three months and not more than six months without imposition of any cost or penalty on the contractor/concessionaire. Concession period in PPP contracts ending on or after 20th February 2020 shall be extended by not less than three and not more than six months. The period of extension (between three and six months) may be decided based on the specific circumstances of the case and the period for which performance was affected by the *force majeure* events.

5. It is clarified that invocation of FMC would be held valid only in a situation where the parties to the contract were not in default of the contractual obligations as on 19th February, 2020. It is further clarified that invocation of FMC does not absolve all non-performances of a party to the contract, but only in respect of such non-performance as is attributable to a lockdown situation or restrictions imposed under any Act or executive order of the Government/s on account of COVID-19 global pandemic. It may be noted that, subject to above stated, all contractual obligations shall revive on completion of the period.


(Kotluru Narayana Reddy)
Deputy Secretary to the Govt. of India
Tel.No. : 24621305
Email: kn.reddy@gov.in

To,
Secretaries of all Central Government Ministries/Departments

F. 18/4/2020- PPD
Government of India,
Ministry of Finance,
Department of Expenditure
Procurement Policy Division

Room No. 512, Lok Nayak Bhawan,
New Delhi dated the 13th May, 2020

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Performance Security in terms of Rule 171 of General Financial Rules, 2017 (GFR) – Guidelines Regarding

Rule 171 of the GFR 2017 prescribes conditions for obtaining performance security for the execution of goods and works contract. The Rule prescribes that performance security is to be obtained from the successful bidder which is awarded the contract amounting to 5% - 10% of the value of contract as specified in the bid documents. The validity of the performance security is for a period of 60 days beyond the date of completion of all contractual obligations of the supplier including warranty obligation.

2. Attention is drawn to Department of Expenditure's O.M. No. F.18/4/2020 – PPD dated 19.2.2020 wherein it was clarified that disruption of supply chains due to spread of Corona virus in China or any other country would be considered as extraordinary events or circumstances beyond human control and would be termed as a natural calamity. It was, therefore, advised that wherever considered appropriate, after following due procedure as stated in para 9.7.7 of the Manual for Procurement of Goods 2017, "Force Majeure Clause" (FMC) may be invoked.

3. Since the issue of the said O.M., restrictions have been placed on the movement of goods, services and manpower on account of the lockdown situation prevailing in the country in terms of the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) in terms of the Disaster Management Act 2005 (D.M. Act 2005) and executive orders of the respective States and U.T. Governments. Under such situations the payment cycle too has got disrupted due to the restrictive measures, on account of which some contractors, who have otherwise fulfilled their contractual obligations, are facing liquidity problems impacting their future performance. In some cases, it may not have been possible for a contractor/supplier to fulfil all his contractual obligations in terms of the contract. Public interest lies in quick resumption of economic activity.

4. Therefore, in the following circumstances:

- (a) where an application is made by a contractor who is not in default of any contractual obligations; or
- (b) where FMC is invoked by a contractor and the requirements of FMC are fulfilled,


the contractee (Government Department/Agency) may return the value of performance security to the contractor/supplier as is proportional to the supplies made/contract work completed to the total contract value.

5. It is clarified that if the contractor/ supplier is in violation of the contractual obligation, the contractee shall be under no obligation to take action as per these guidelines. It is further clarified that the guidelines contained in the present OM shall apply only in respect of such non-performance as can be attributable to a lockdown

Kamdeep

situation or restrictions imposed under any Act or executive order of the Government/s on account of COVID-19 global pandemic.

6. These guidelines are issued under Rule 6(1) of GFR 2017.


(Kotluru Narayana Reddy)

Deputy Secretary to the Govt. of India

Tel. No. 24621305

Email: kn.reddy@gov.in

To:

Secretaries of all Central Government Ministries/Departments