Publication: Business Standard (New Delhi)

कोल इंडिया का 90 करोड़ टन आपूर्ति का लक्ष्य

कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड (सीआईएल) ने बिजली की बढ़ती मांग को पूरा करने और आयात पर निर्भरता कम करने की रणनीति के तहत चालू वित्त वर्ष के लिए 90.02 करोड़ टन का महत्त्वाकांक्षी आपूर्ति लक्ष्य निर्धारित किया है। यह पिछले वर्ष की तुलना में 18 प्रतिशत से अधिक की वृद्धि दर्शाता है। देश की सबसे बड़ी कोयला कंपनी की नवीनतम वार्षिक रिपोर्ट में पेश परिदृश्य के मुताबिक, कुल कोयला प्रेषण का करीब 74 प्रतिशत अकेले बिजली क्षेत्र में ही इस्तेमाल होने का अनुमान है। यह देश भर में निर्बाध विद्युत आपूर्ति सुनिश्चित करने में सीआईएल की महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका को रेखांकित करता है। भाषा **Publication:** The Hindu Business Line (New Delhi)

CIL looks to offer more coking coal to steel sector

Mithun Dasgupta

Kolkata

Coal behemoth Coal India is looking to offer more coking coal to the country's steel sector to tap the potential future market for coal consumption.

India possesses 389.42 billion tonnes of geological coal resources, including 212 bt of proven reserves. However, most of this is non-coking coal (around 89 per cent), with limited availability of high-quality coking coal, resulting in continued dependence on imports for the steel industry.

"At Coal India, our mine development priorities align with India's thermal energy needs, focusing on high-quality non-coking reserves. At the same time, we are exploring joint ventures for coking coal washeries to strengthen domestic options for steel manufacturers," the company said in its annual report for 2024-25, released on Monday.

"In order to tap the potential future market for coal consumption and explore alternative uses of domestic coal, CIL intends to offer more coking coal to the steel sector and also supply coal for upcoming coal gasification projects," CIL said.

For the State-run company, coal supply to the non-regulated sector (NRS) peaked at 145.3 million tonnes (mt) last fiscal, registering an 8.1 per cent year-on-year growth over FY24. During FY25, against an offer of about 3.36 mt to the steel sector, 2.39 mt got booked with a premium of 5.28 per cent over and above the floor price.

"In order to tap the potential future market for coal consumption and explore alternative uses of domestic coal, CIL intends to offer more coking coal to the steel sector and also supply coal for upcoming coal gasification projects," CIL said.

OFF-TAKE TARGET

Coal India has set an ambitious coal off-take target of 900 mt for this financial year, representing around 18 per cent year-on-year growth compared to last year's achievement.

Notably, in FY25, coal offtake stood at 762.98 mt, registering a marginal 1.26 per cent y-o-y growth from 753.51 mt in FY24.

In the last financial year, the company's production was 781.06 mt with a volume increase of 7.41 mt over the previous financial year. Achievement against the target was 93.18 per cent.

"For FY 2025-26, CIL has been given a production target of 875 mt and CIL is aiming to achieve the desired growth. Coal off-take target has been specified at 900 mt," CIL Chairman-cum-Managing Director PM Prasad said in the annual report.

"Our vision is to ensure that there is no shortage of coal in the country. Coal India aims to be a commercially viable, contemporary and professional organisation that is consumer-friendly and aligned with national developmental goals," Prasad added.

Publication: Mint (Chennai)

Coal India liberalizes supply deals to allow power sale on exchanges

Singapore: State-run Coal India Ltd (CIL) has allowed utilities to sell power generated from fuel supplied under long-term deals called "linkage contracts" on power exchanges, it said in a notice on Wednesday. The move would enable consistent demand for coal, CIL said in the notice dated 6 August reviewed by *Reuters*. The decision comes at a time coal use for power generation fell for a fourth month despite higher electricity demand. **REUTERS**

Date 08.08.25

Publication: The Hindu (New Delhi)



CIL allows sale of excess power by plants at exchanges

Beginning August 1, Coal India Ltd. (CIL) said, it had allowed thermal power plants (TPP) that use its linkage coal under long and medium term fuel supply agreements to sell un-requisitioned surplus power generated by them, in the power market and exchanges, a move that could benefit end-consumers. As per the revised SHAKTI Policy, CIL said it has done away with the earlier provision of restricting the sale of power in the open market.